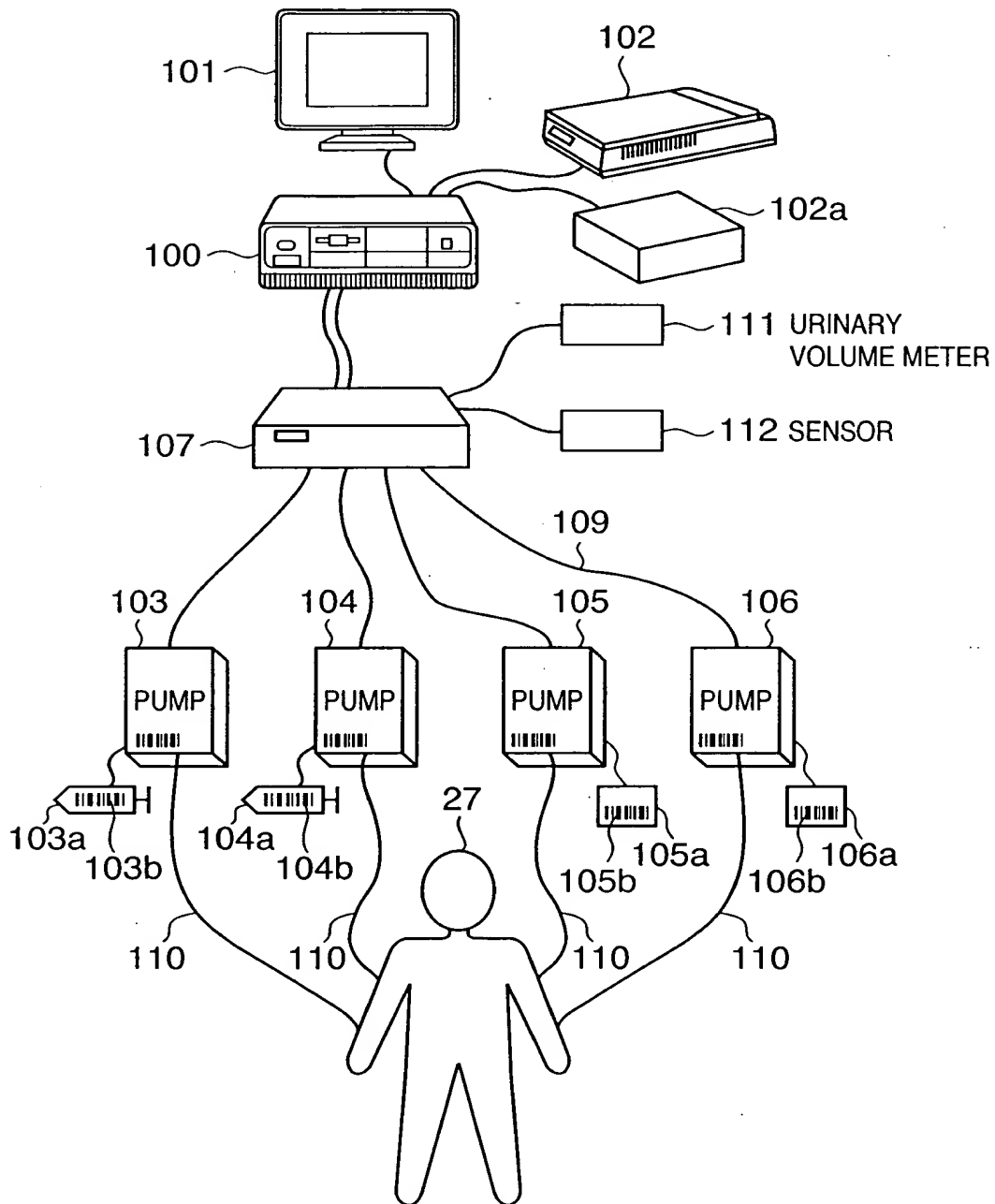


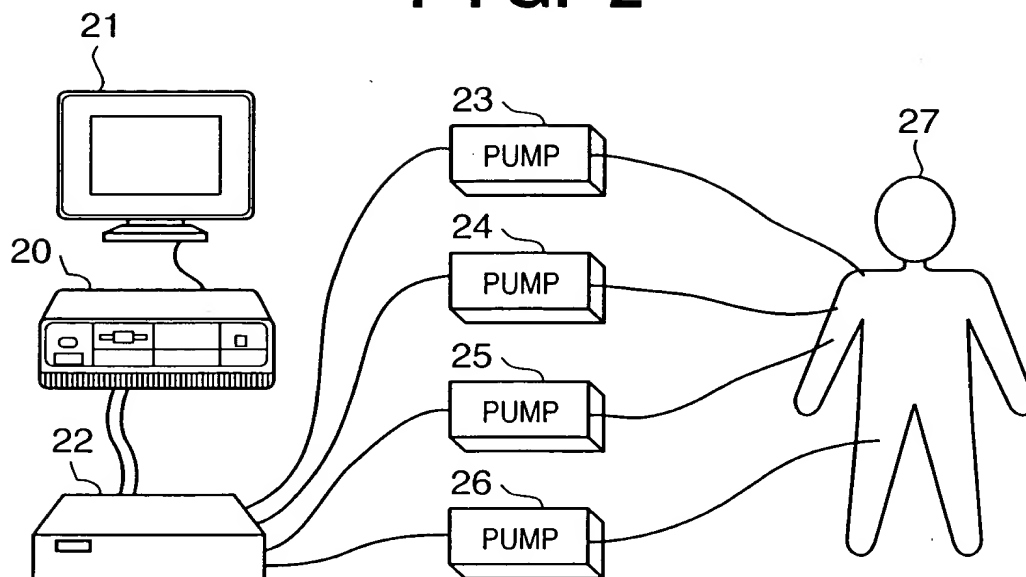
1/25

FIG. 1

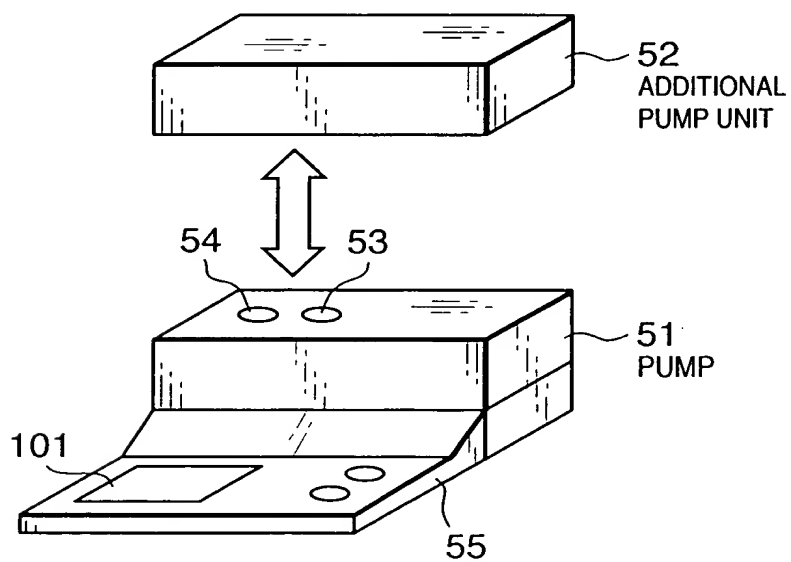


09864394.052501

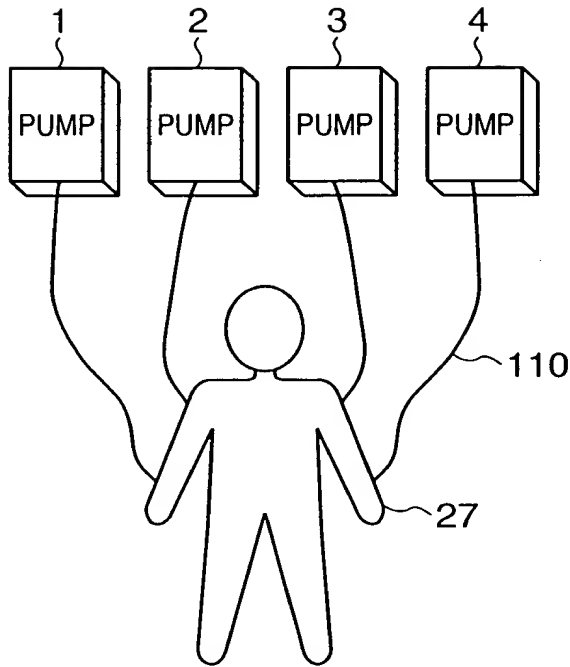
**FIG. 2**



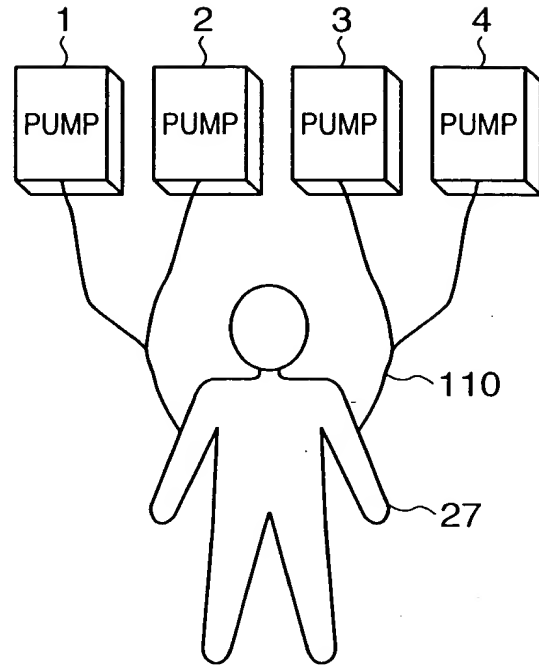
**FIG. 3**



**FIG. 4A**



**FIG. 4B**



**FIG. 4C**

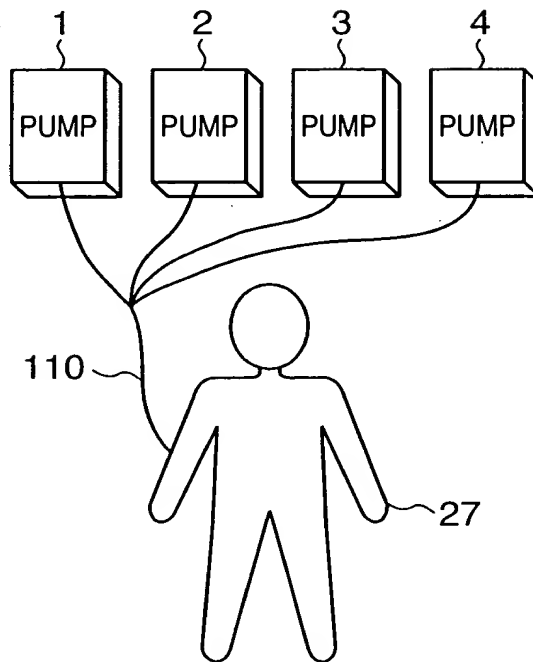


FIG. 4A

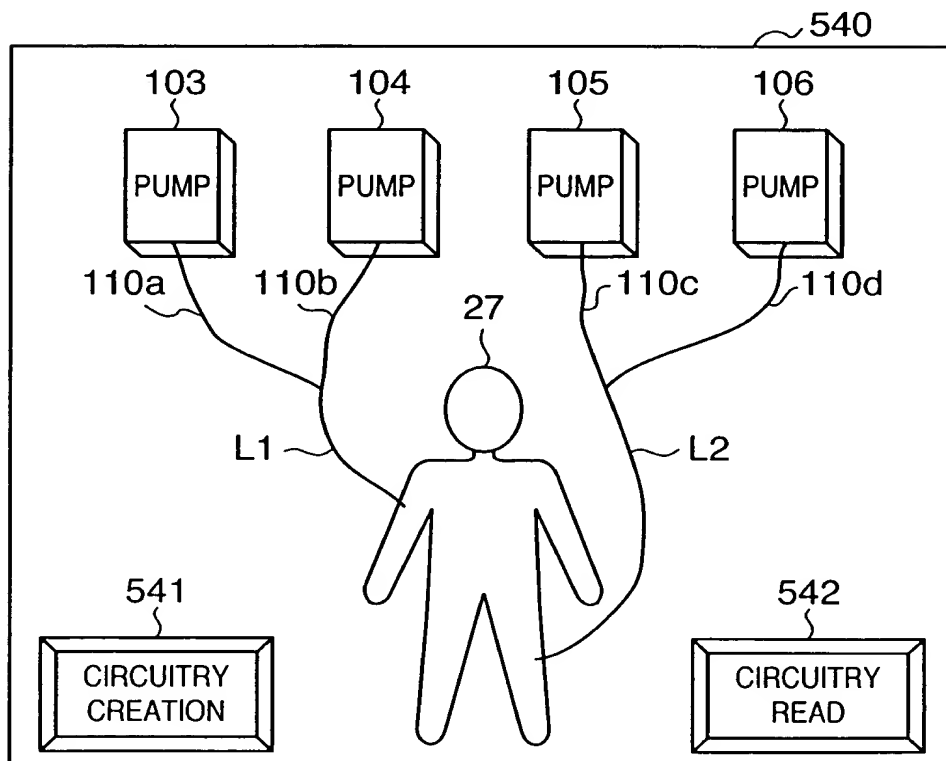
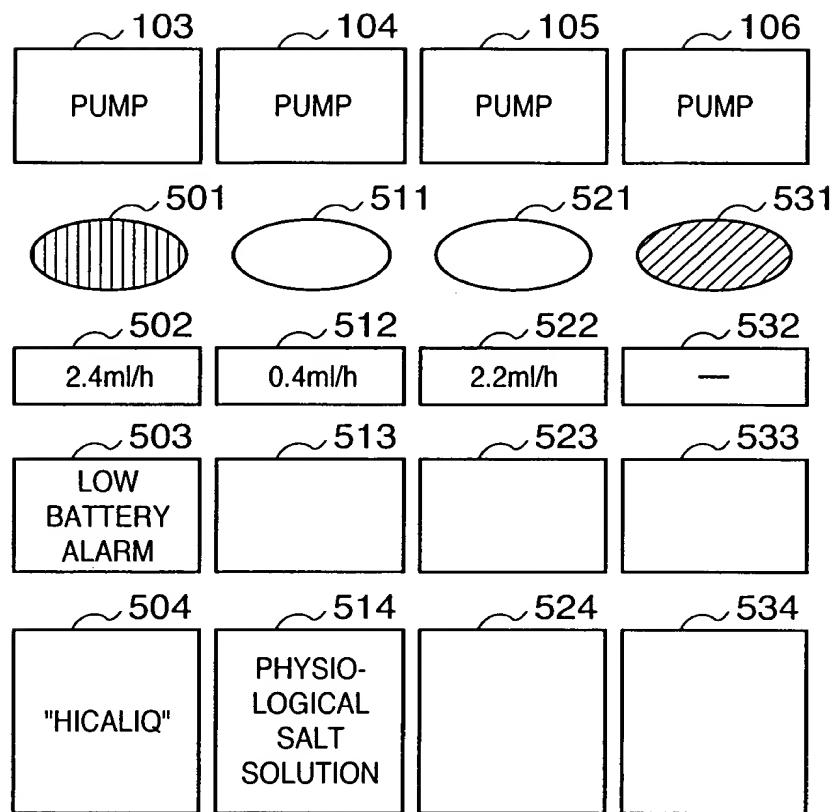
**FIG. 5**

FIG. 6

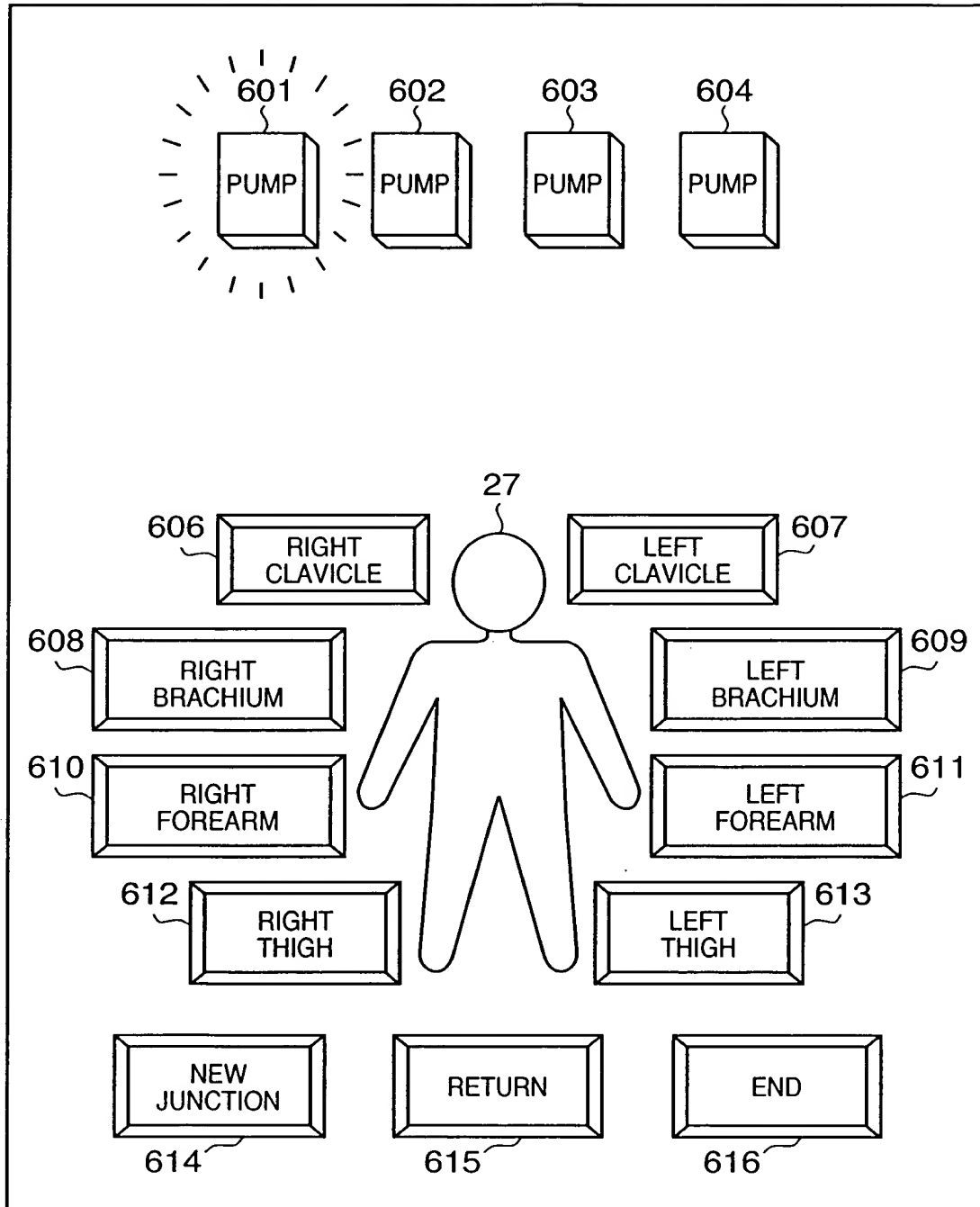


FIG. 6

FIG. 7A

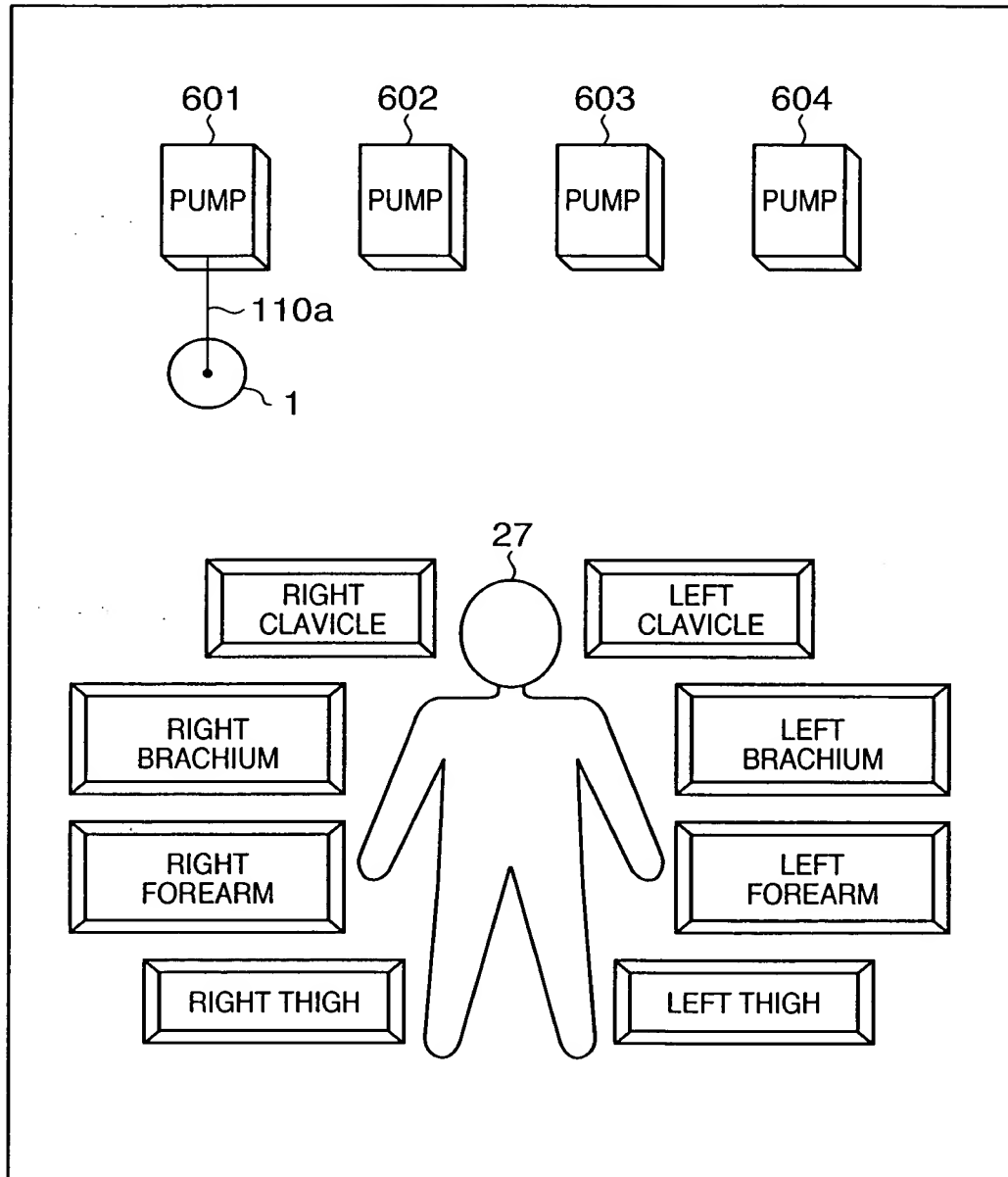


FIG. 7A

FIG. 7B

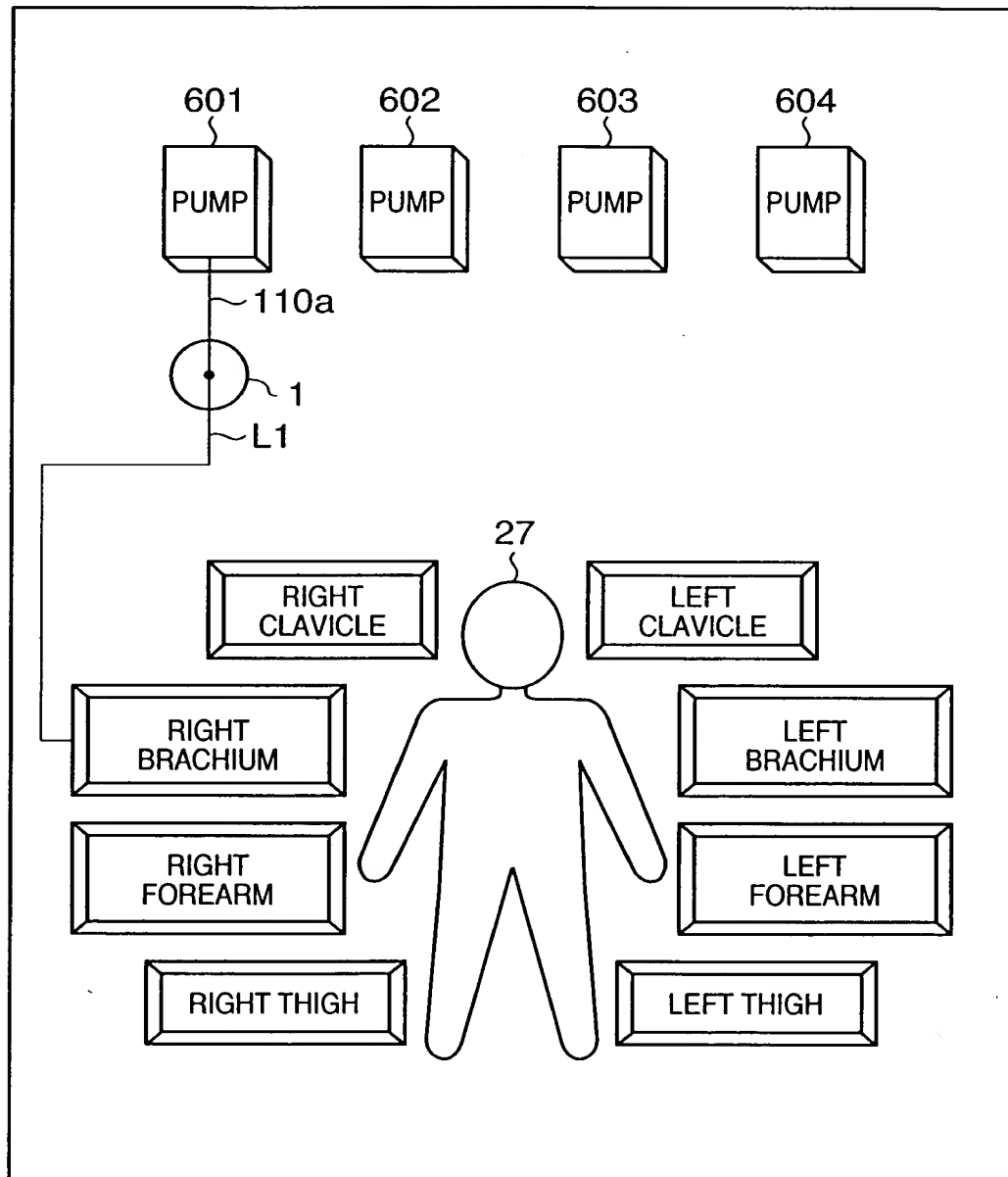


FIG. 7C

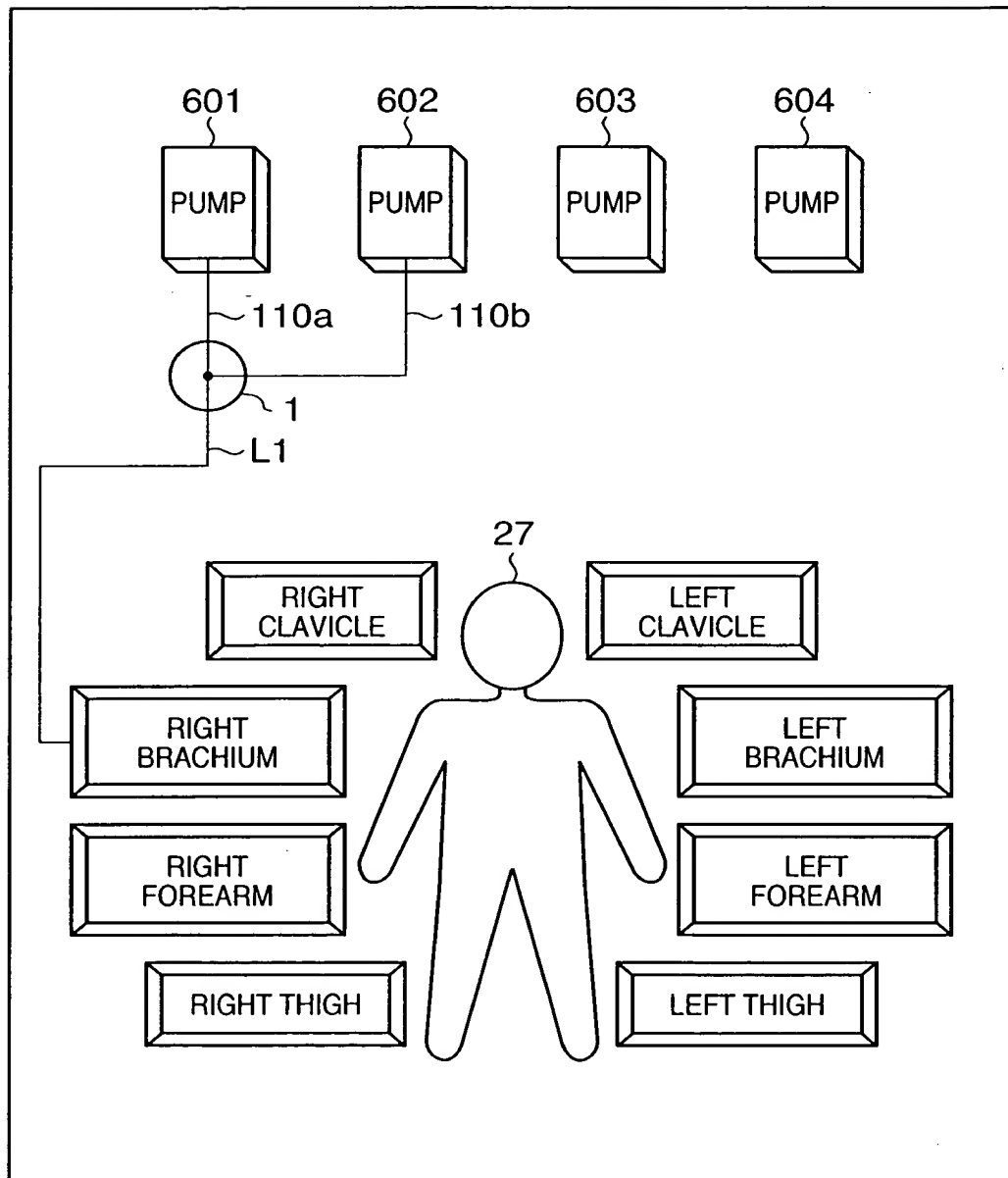




FIG. 7D

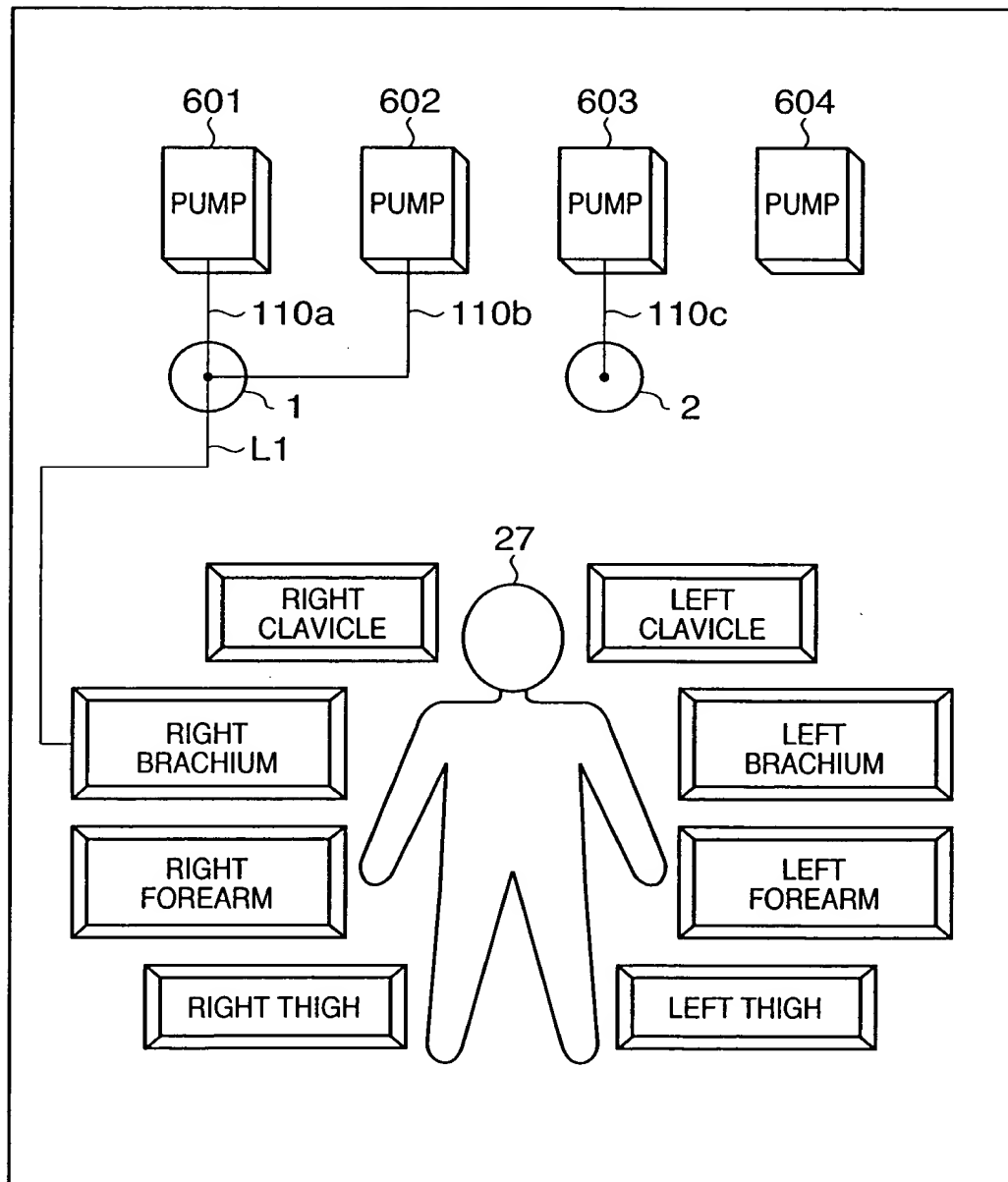


FIG. 7D

FIG. 7E

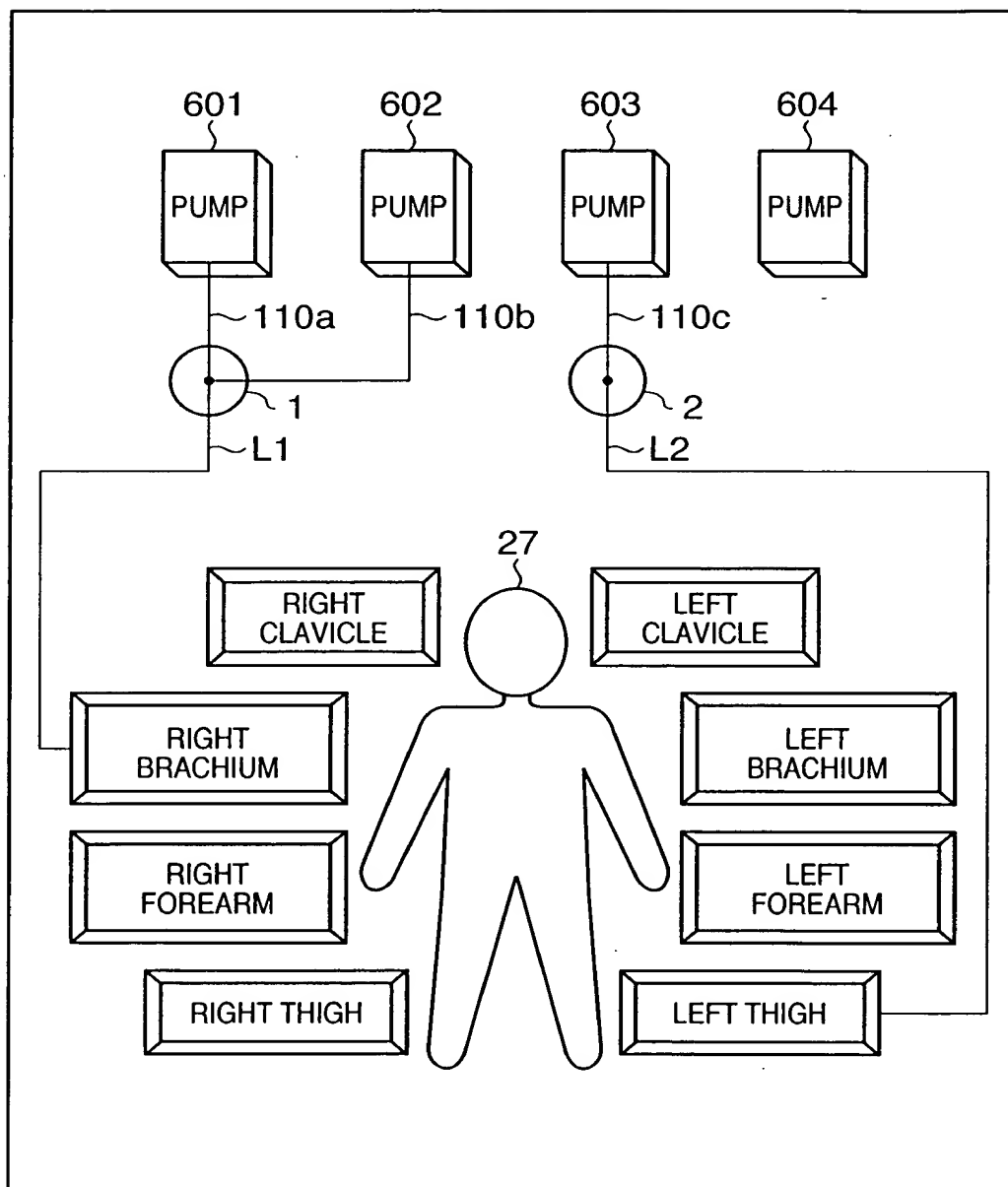


FIG. 7E

FIG. 7F

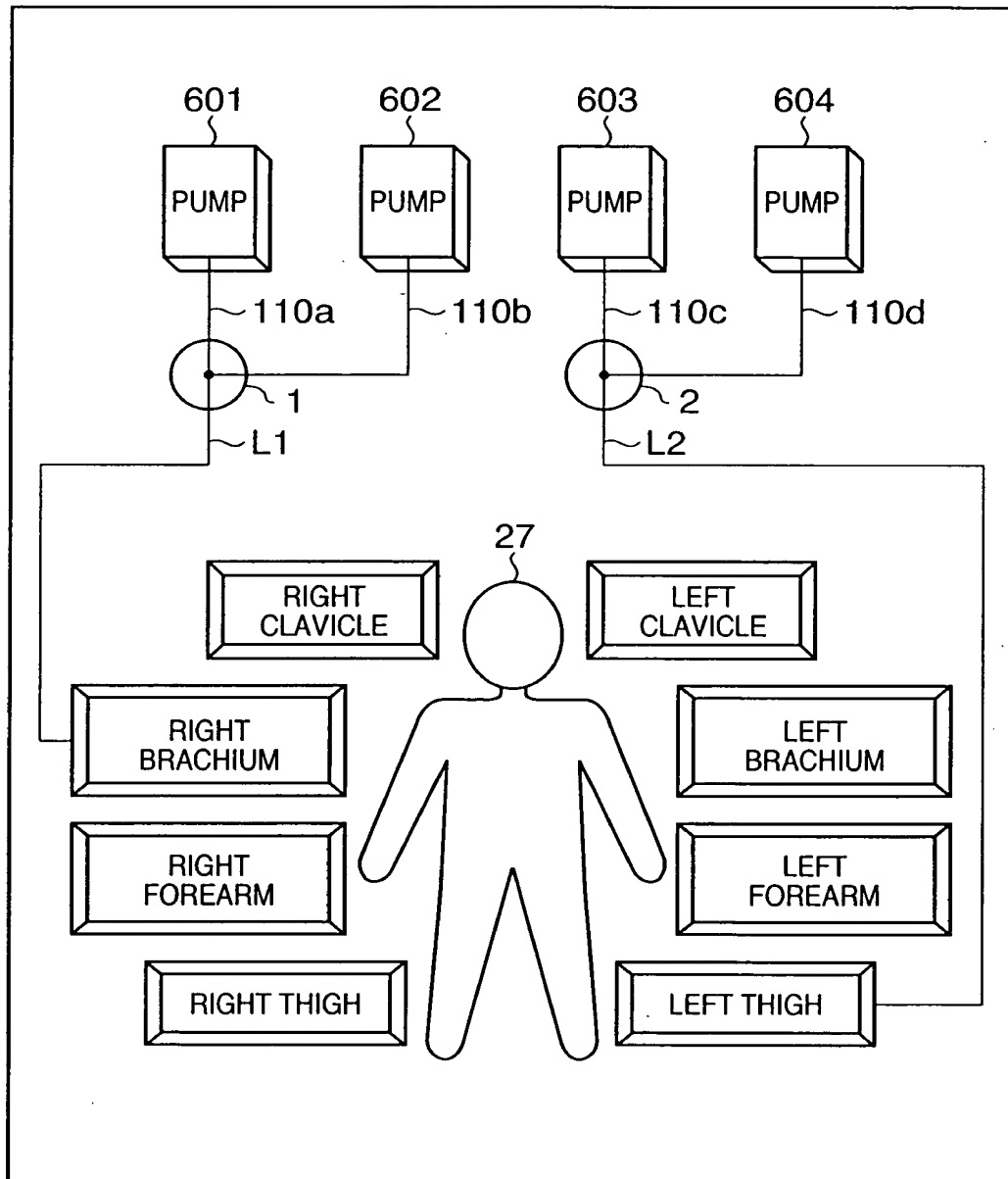


FIG. 7F

FIG. 7G

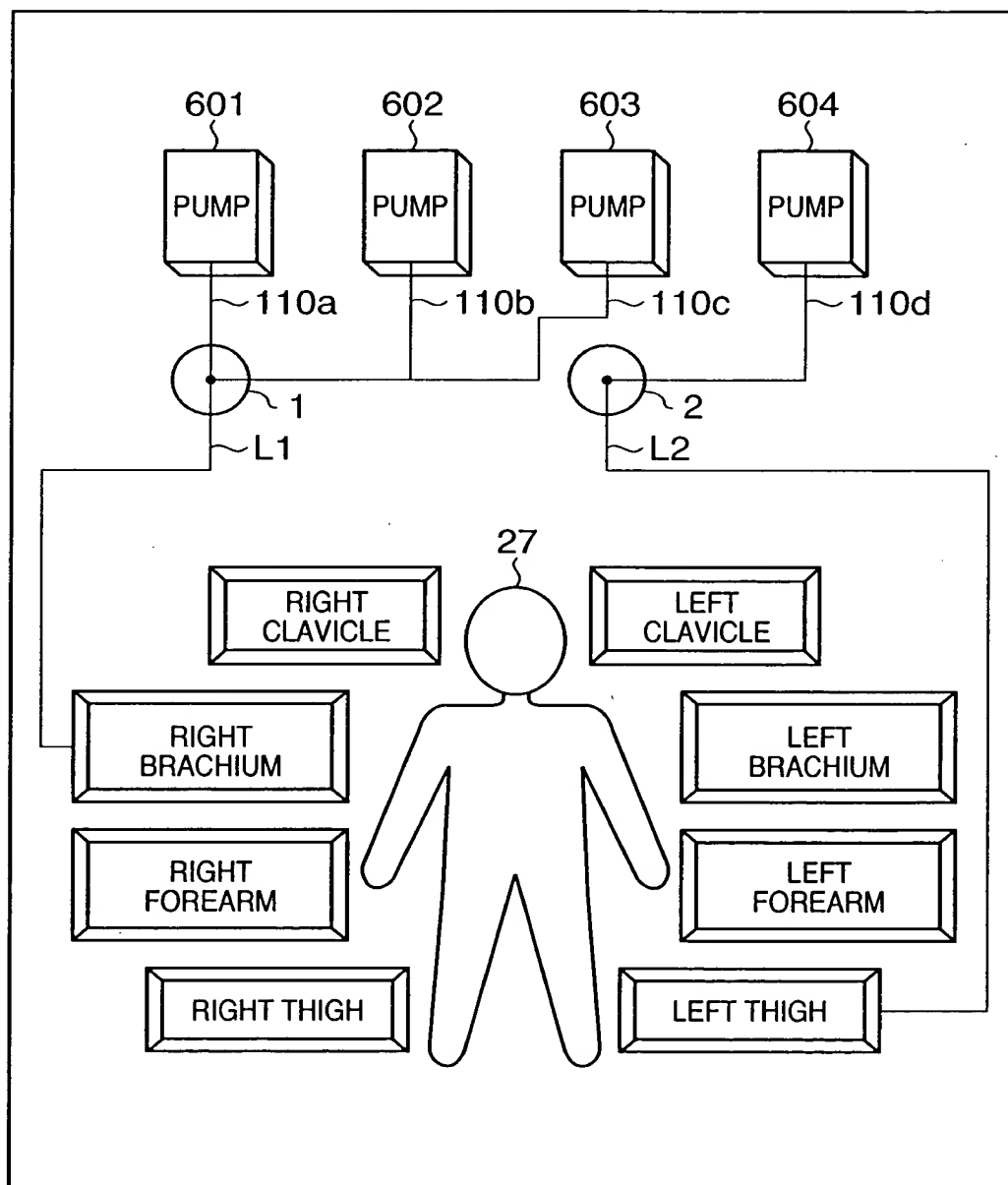
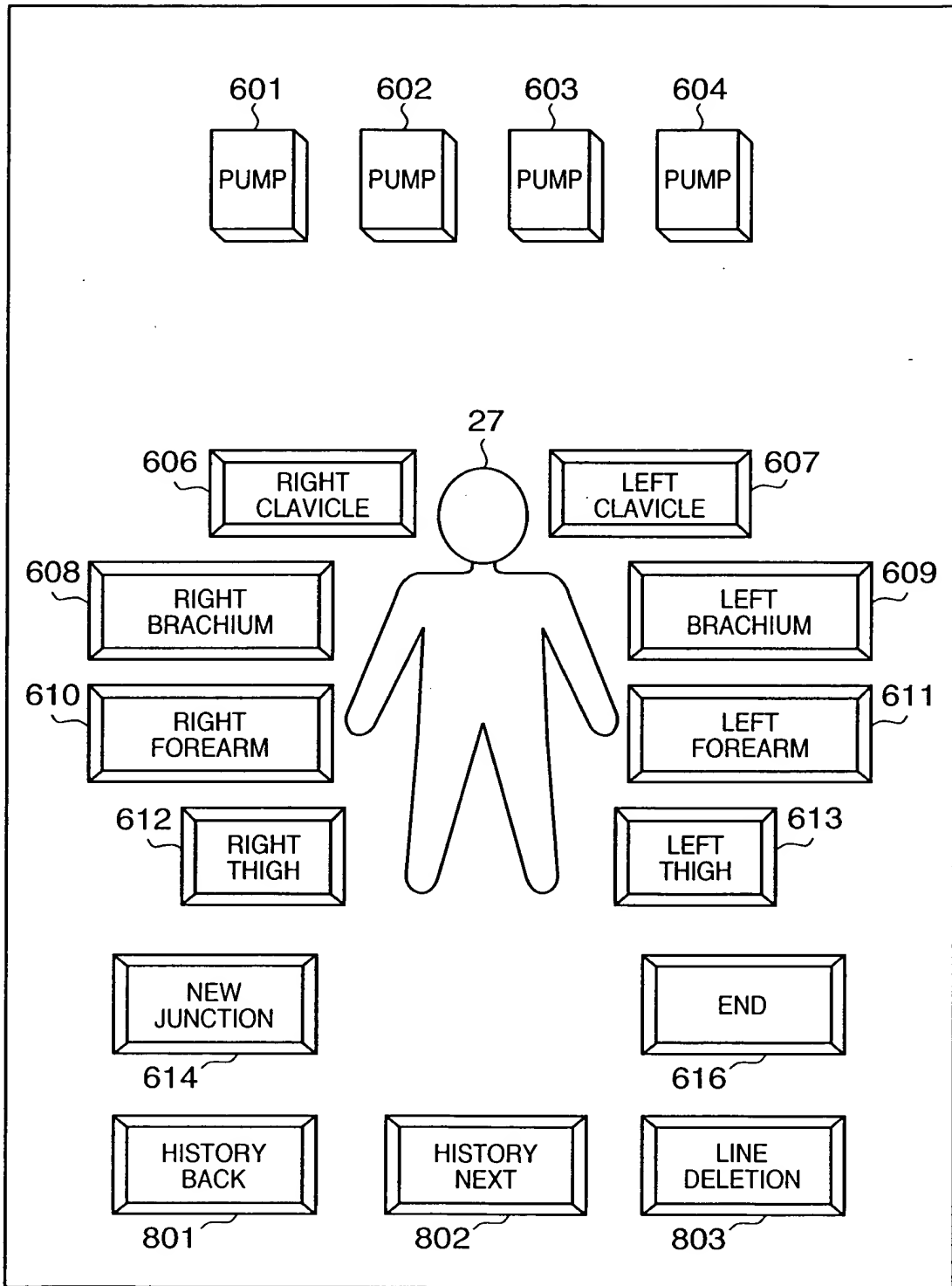


FIG. 7G

FIG. 8



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FIG. 9

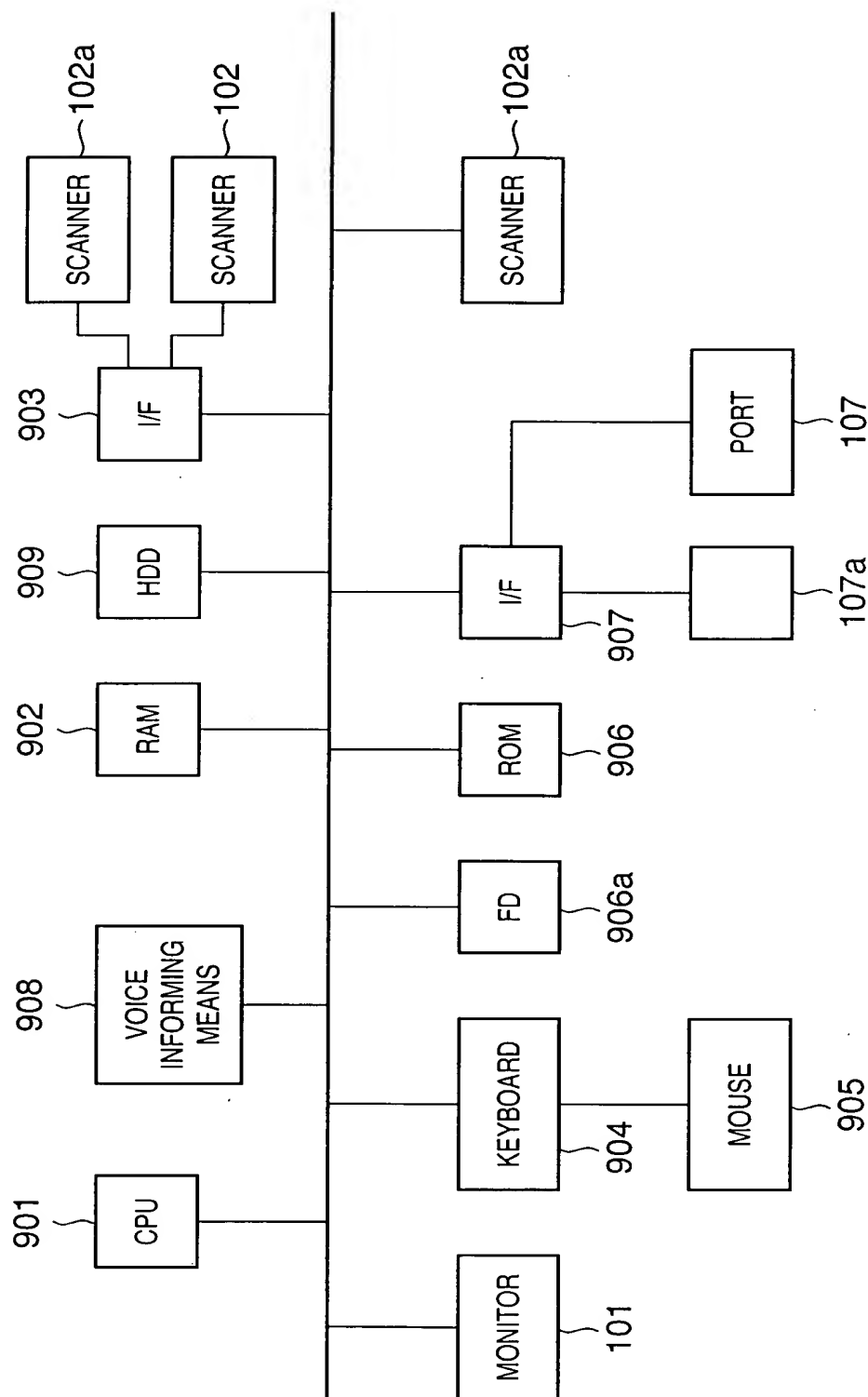


FIG. 10A

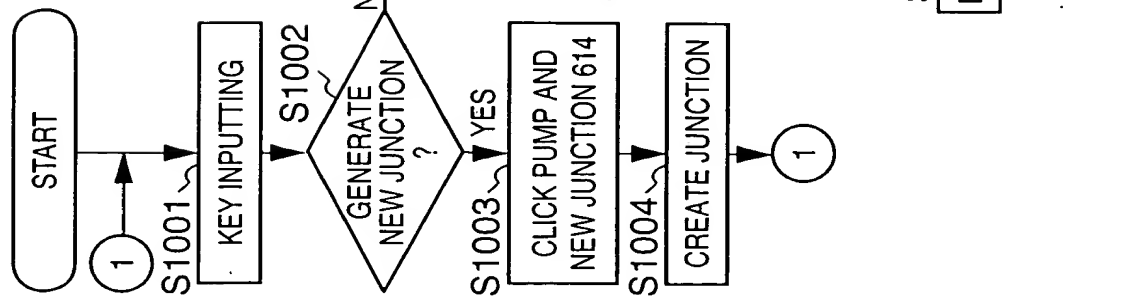


FIG. 10B

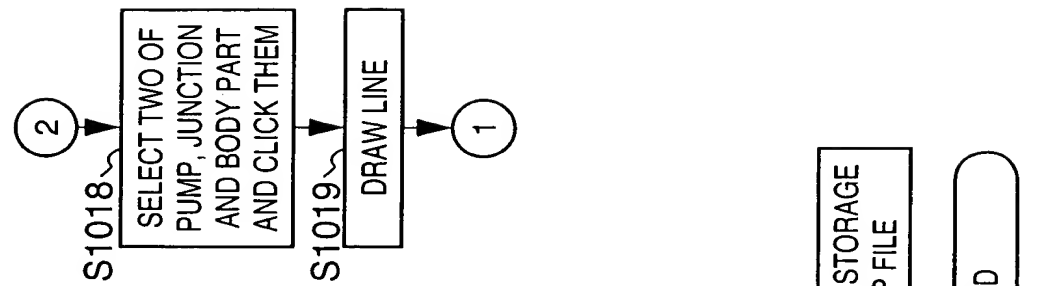
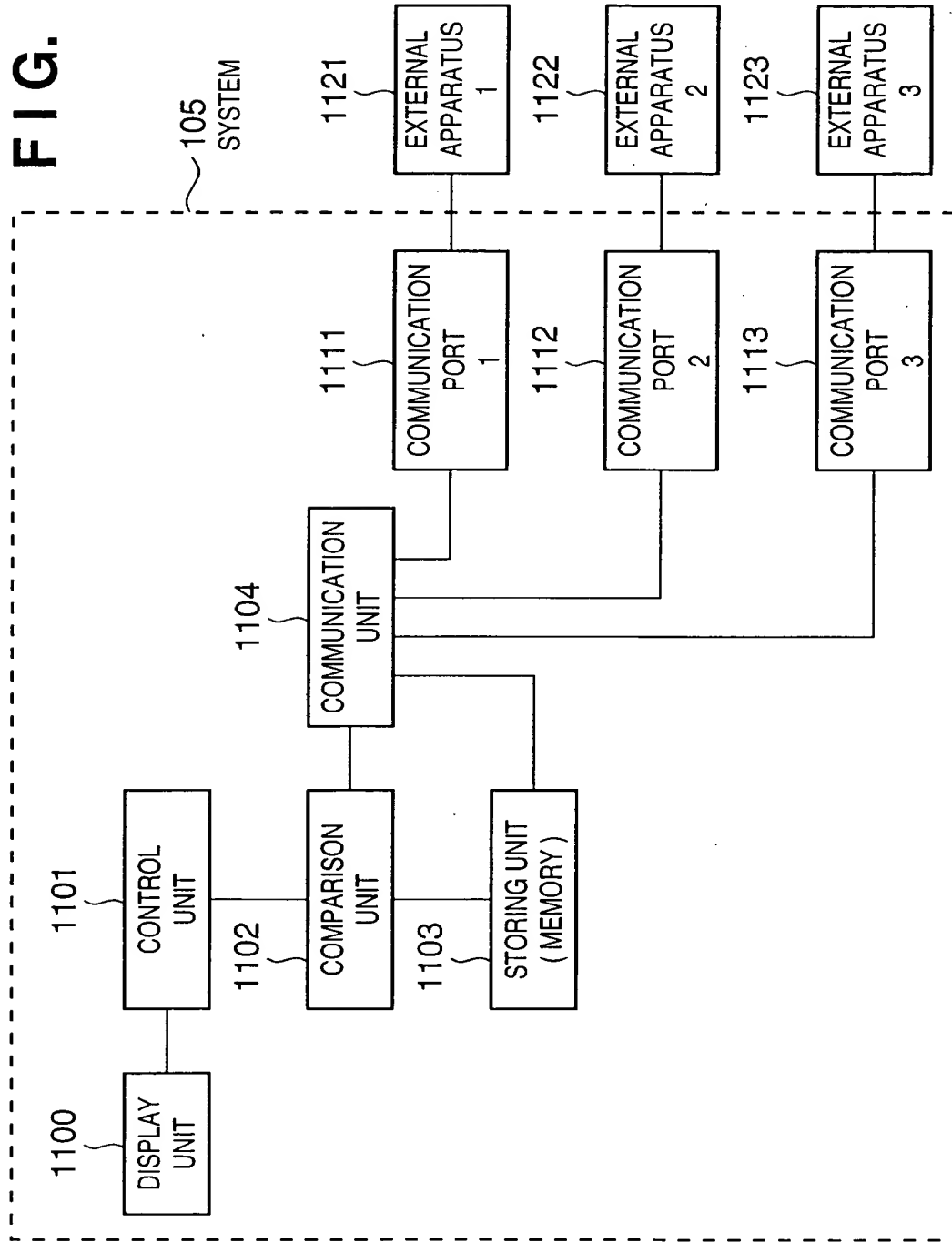
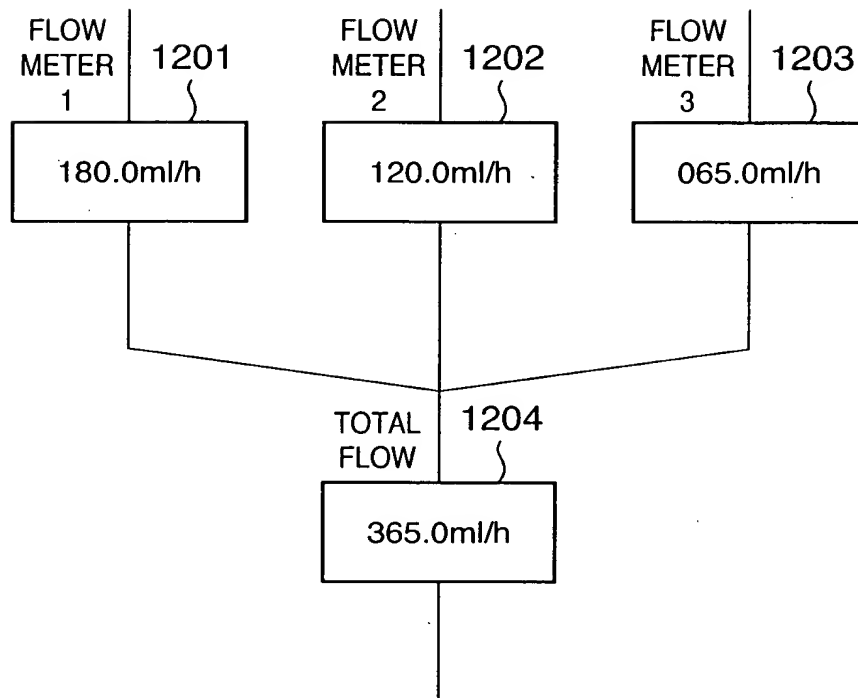
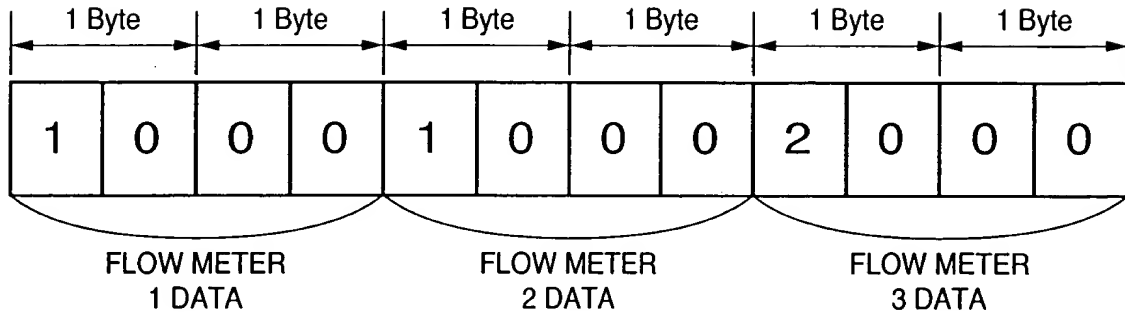
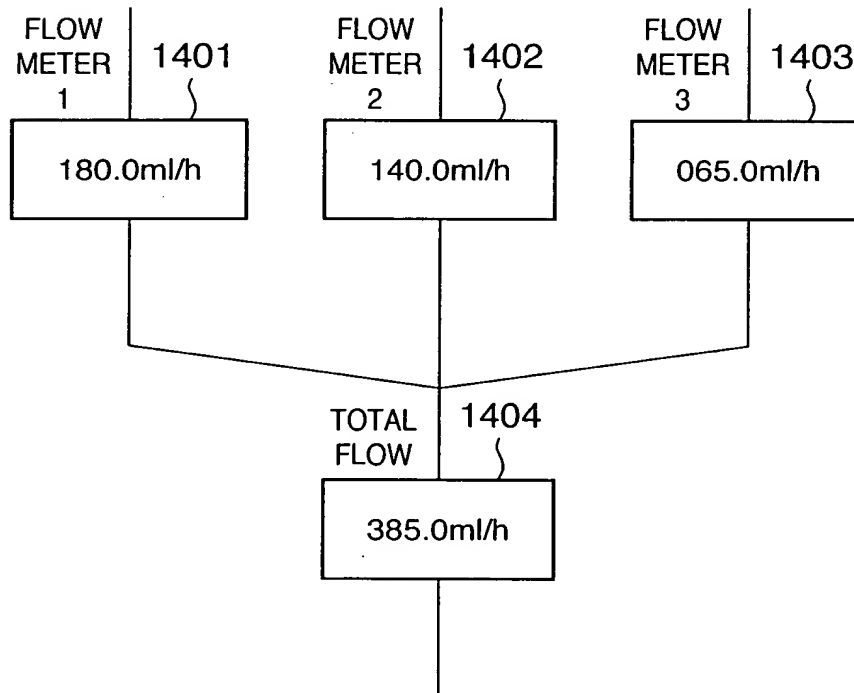


FIG. 11



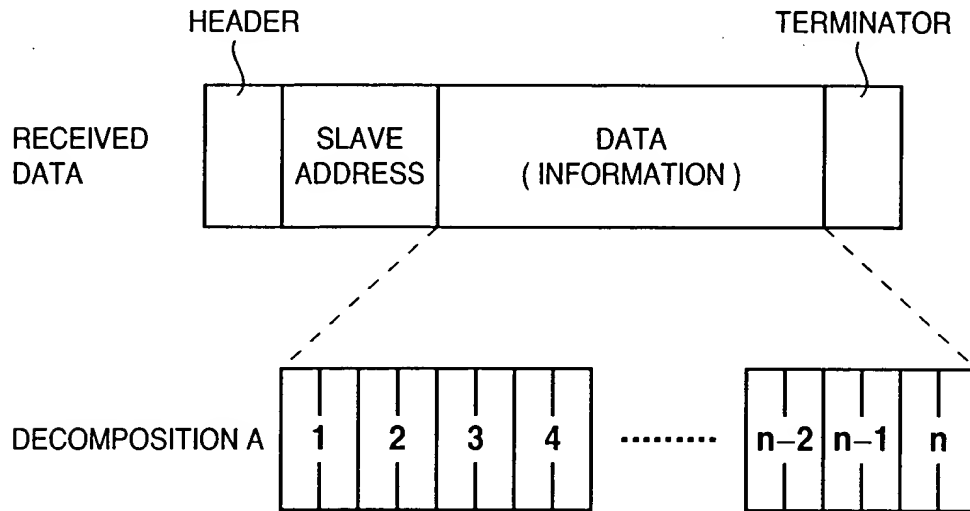


**FIG. 12**

**FIG. 13****FIG. 14**

**FIG. 15**

**CALCULATION OF INVERSE BCC**



DECOMPOSITION B = INVERSE ( DECOMPOSITION A )

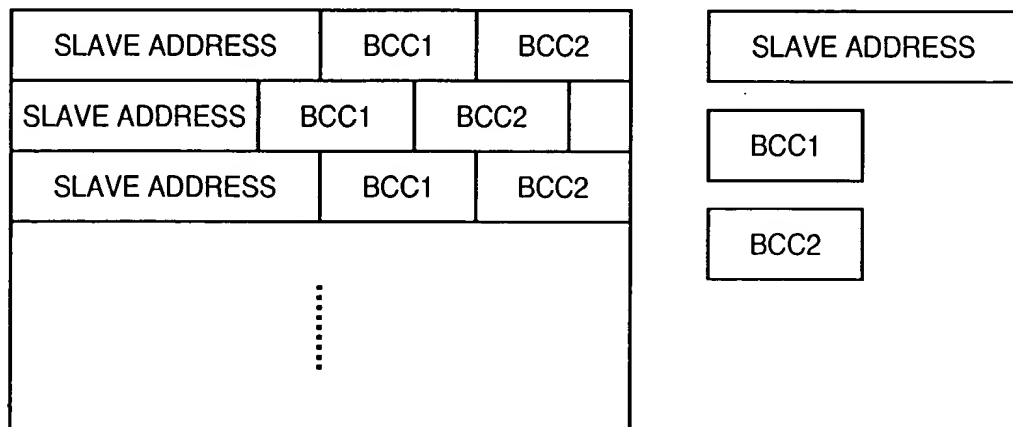
$$BCC1 = 1 \vee 2 \vee 3 \vee 4 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \vee n$$

$$BCC2 = \overline{1} + \overline{2} + \overline{3} + \overline{4} \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot + \overline{n}$$

LOWER TWO BYTES ARE USED

**FIG. 16**

**MEMORY MAP**



**FIG. 17****MECHANISM OF HIGH SPEED**

· INVERSE BCC CHECK MODE

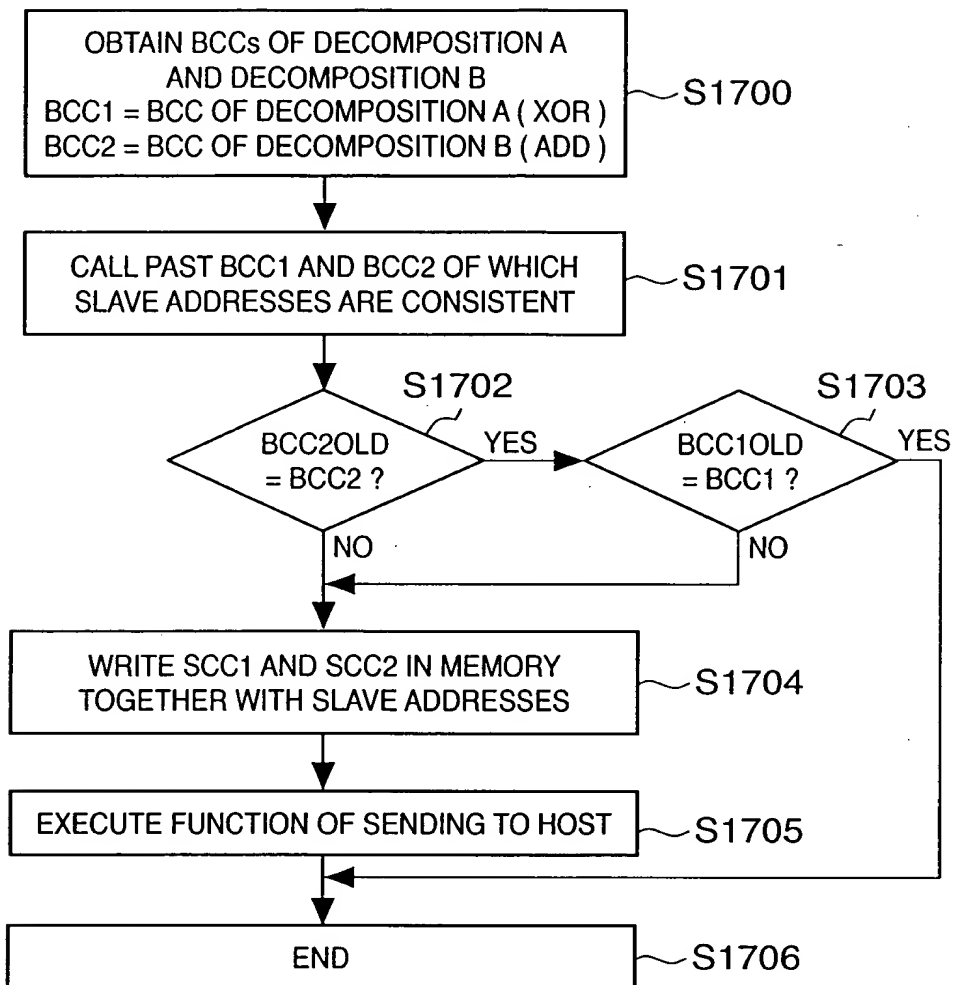
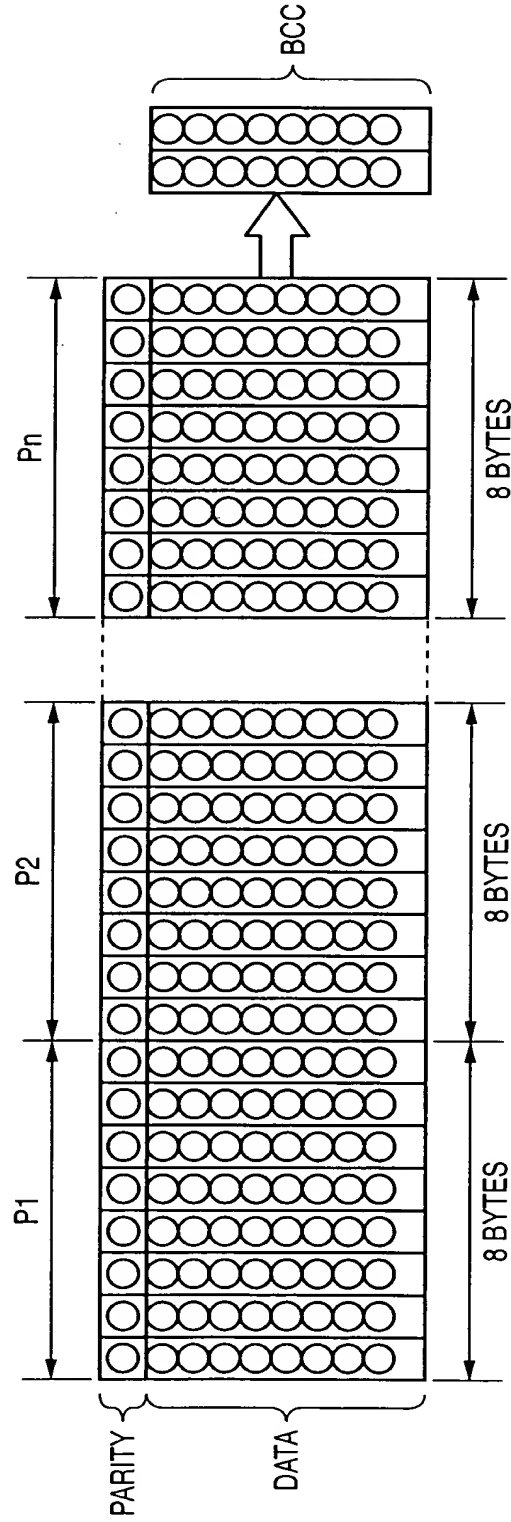


FIG. 17

FIG. 18

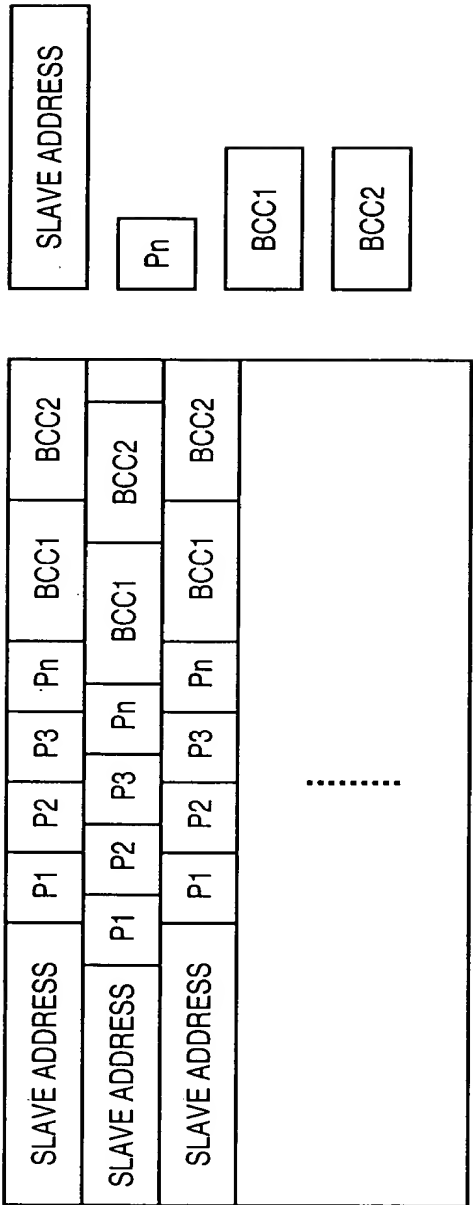
METHOD OF DETECTING POSITION OF CHANGE



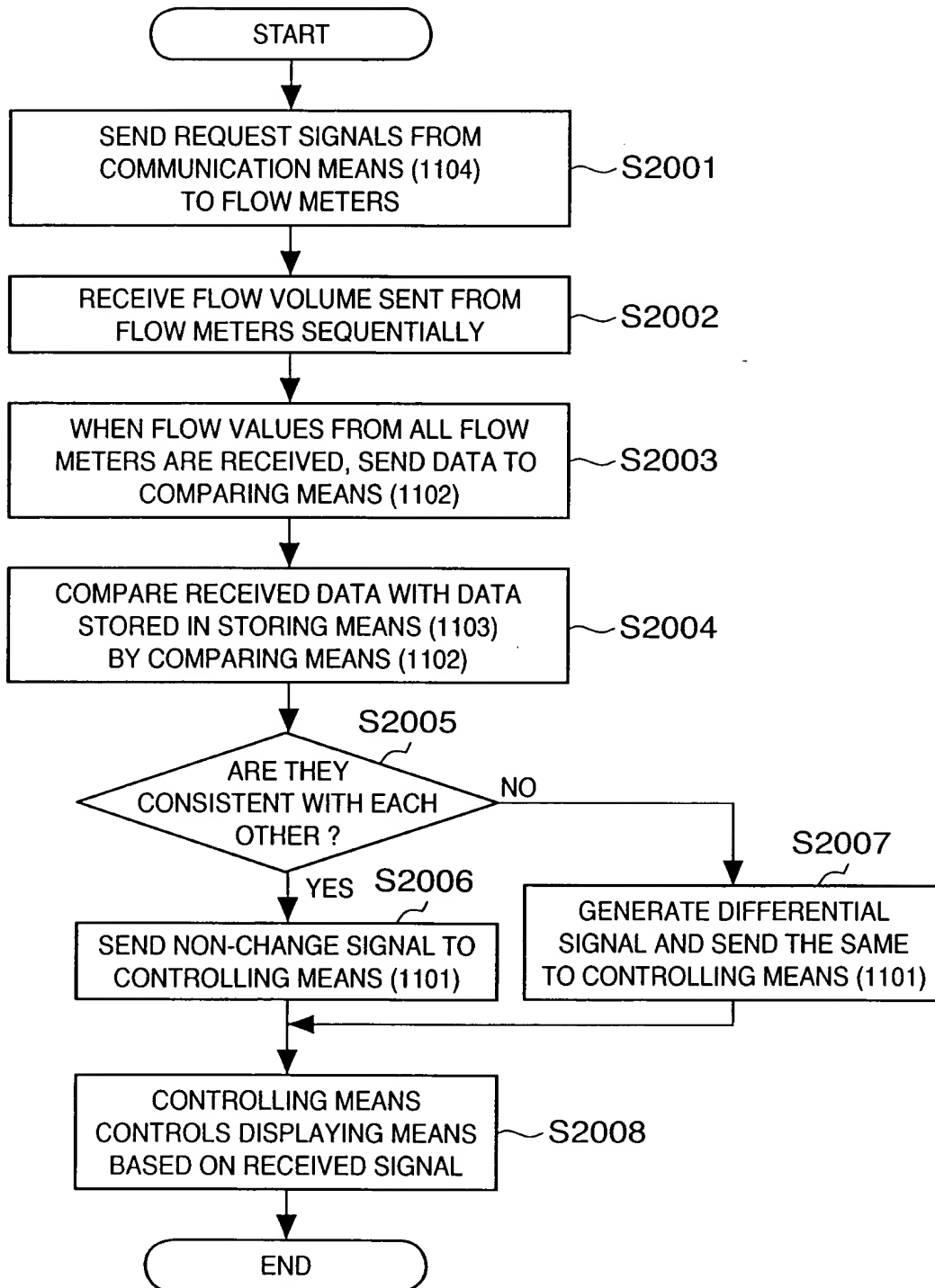
PARITY : 1 BIT FOR CONFIRMING THE NUMBER OF BITS FOR EACH ONE BYTE OF DATA AND  
 MAKING AN ADJUSTMENT SO THAT THE TOTAL THEREOF IS ODD OR EVEN NUMBER  
 P<sub>n</sub> : PARITY PUT TOGETHER FOR EACH EIGHT BYTES OF DATA  
 THE POSITION OF CHANGED DATA CAN BE CONFIRMED BY COMPARISON OF P<sub>n</sub>

FIG. 19

MEMORY MAP



## FIG. 20



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FIG. 21A

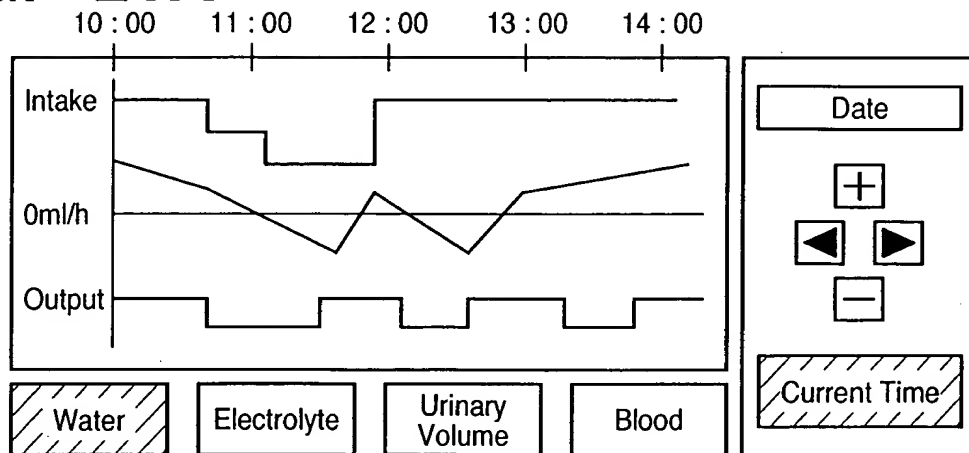


FIG. 21B

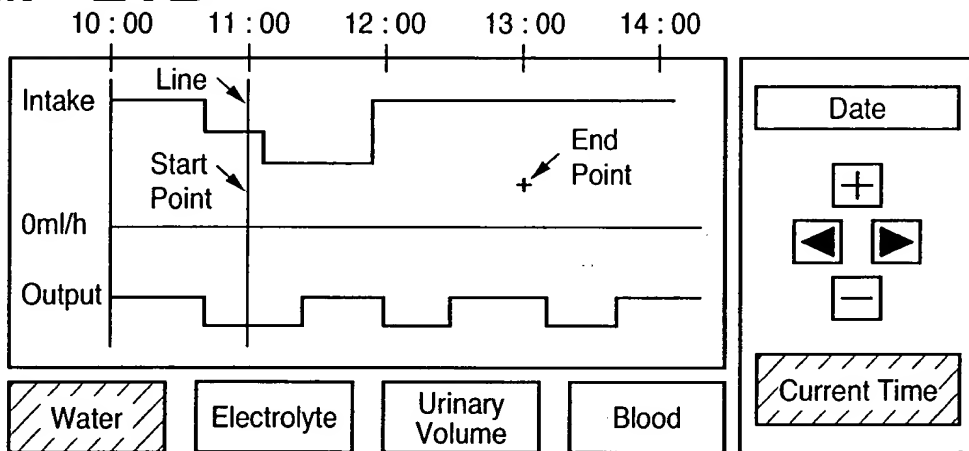


FIG. 21C

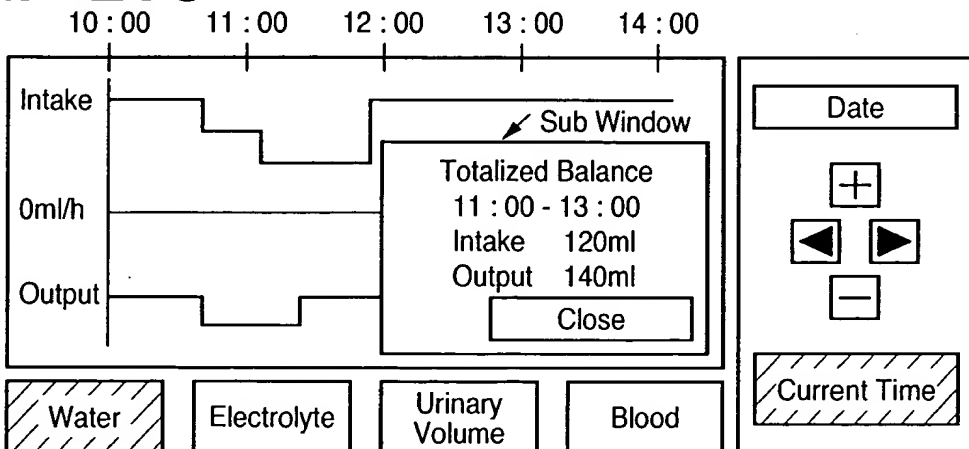




FIG. 22A

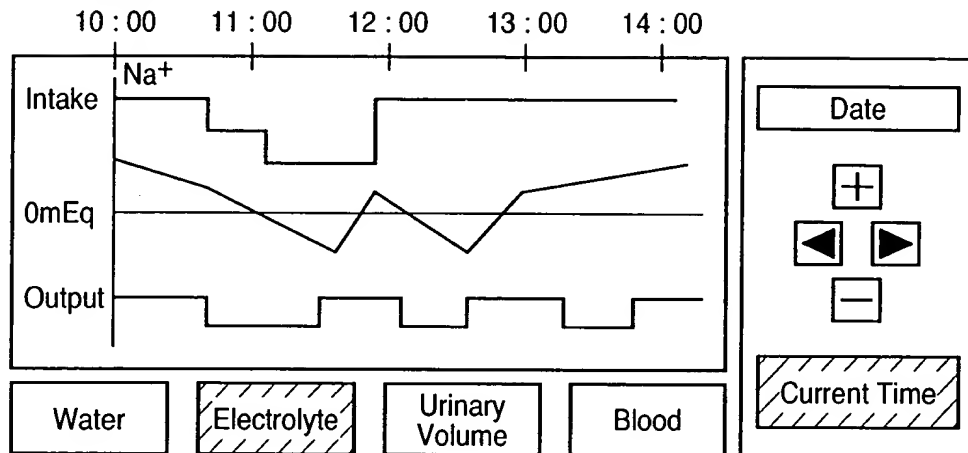


FIG. 22B

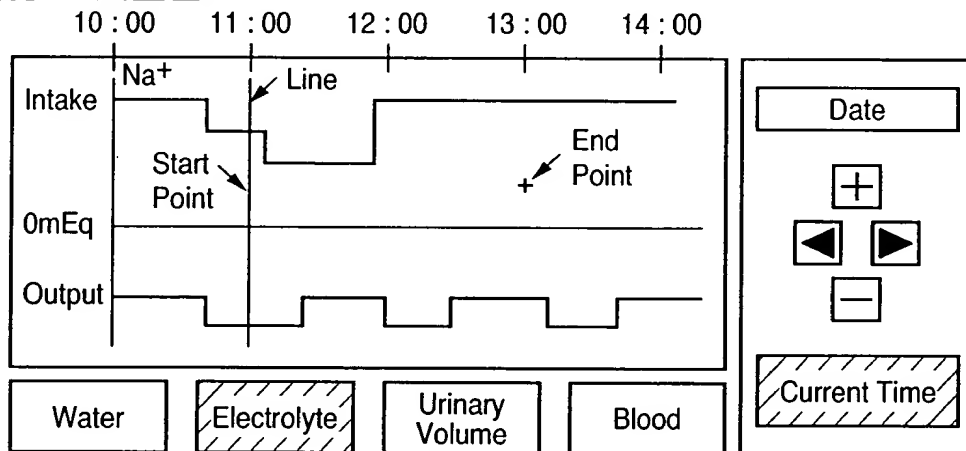


FIG. 22C

